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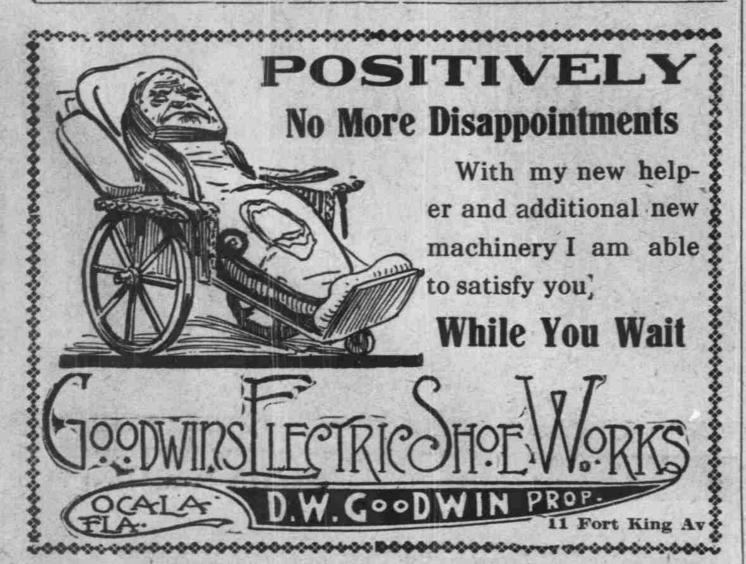
Crystal River, Fla.

#### The Management of DR. McCLANE Medical, Surgical, Hydropathic and Electric Institute

Announces the moving of the Institute offices and treatment rooms to the Z. Butte Building on Main Street, southeast corner of Public Square, entrance between The Murray Co., and Troxler's stands.

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#### SINGING BEFORE ROYALTY.

The Part Mary Garden Found to Be the Very Hardest.

Mary Garden, the famous opera singer, says that it bores her to sing before kings. Her highly personal comments on some of the royalty of Europe reproduced below are taken from an article in the American Magazine in which she gives an intimate and extended account of her experiences on

"Singing before royalty is perhaps more of a professional than a social distinction. I have done it many times, but it bores me to distraction. It is such a nuisance. I never sang for the court, the old court of Edward and seen. But the queen would always pat

would wake up. and walk off again.

"I am afraid I'm an anarchist in my Marconi, who has done big things-to whom I would go down on my knees because of their achievements, but I just had to get my courage in my two hands to courtesy to the king of England. It went against me."

#### ADDING MACHINES.

They Are Not New, as Pascal Invented One In the Year 1642.

The adding machine is of modern development, but not a modern invention, a passable one having been invented in 1642 by Pascal (1623-1662), a cele brated French geometrician, philosoadding machine was modified to facilitate multiplication by Gottfried Wilhelm Leibnitz, a German mathemativention was followed by many improvements.

A notable experimenter in this line was Charles Babbage (1792-1871), an English mathematician, many years professor of mathematics at Cambridge university. In order to secure accuracy in tables of logarithms he conceived the idea of doing the work by machinery and was commissioned by the British government to superintend the construction of a machine for the purpose. He spent much time and money in experimenting and attained some remarkable results, but died before perfecting his machine.

All calculating machines contain cer tain features devised by special reference to the work to be done, including circular metallic disks, wheels with teeth, etc., ingenious, but not more complicated and no more responsive to human intelligence than many other machines. The thinking is all done by the operator.-Philadelphia Press.

The Australian Blacks.

It is believed by many persons that the blacks in Australia are dying out. As a matter of fact, says a correspondent of the London Standard, no such thing is happening. The belief, however, is easily explained. As civilization advances, and it is yearly advancing, the blacks recede farther and farther into the back blocks and unknown country, save a few who have acquired the craving for opium or drink. These latter succumb amid the advancing wave of civilization and seldom leave any children. Those who have passed inland, if they do not increase, have certainly not decreased. In some few cases whole tribes have died out when civilization has reached them, but these have usually been small tribes.

Foundation of a Fortune.

The late William Gibson, who left a fortune of half a million pounds, was, when a little watchmaker in Belfast. one day examining a watch which had been sent to him for repair. It was during the time of the Belfast riots, A stone was thrown through the shop window and hit Mr. Gibson in the eye. Under the malicious damages act Mr. Gibson was awarded £6,000. This was his start in life.-London Sporting Times.

First Thanksgiving Proclamation. The Thanksgiving proclamation was originated by Francis Bernard, "captain general and governor in chief over his majesty's province of the Massachusetts bay." It was issued Nov. 4, 1767, and the form was that which has been in substance adhered to ever since.

Formosa's Ancient Tree.

In Formosa there is a tree between 2.500 and 3,000 years old, with a circumference of sixty-five feet and the lowest branches forty-five feet from the ground. The tree is a species of cypress, the Japanese beniki.

Jealousy. "May's new hat is perfectly hid-

"It isn't a bit more hideous than mine. You're always saying nice things about May."-Philadelphia Ledger.

Missed It.

The prodigat son wrote the old man is follows: "I got religion the other thy Send me \$10," But the old man replied: "Religion is free. You got be wrong kind

The impure, the deceiving and the a harifable extrude themselves from ternal bliss by their unfitness for en-

## STILL DEPEND ON CAVALRY

Observers Were Wrong Who Said That Armies Soon Would Get Along Without That Arm.

The horse is holding his own in the present war. Dispatches mention "clouds of cavalry" screening the German advance. Parties of uhlans scout far and wide picking up information which is sent back to the main body. From East Prussia, from Galicia and from Belgium come reports of cavalry engagements. That troopers are the eyes and ears of armies is an old saying that is being verified every day. czar. But I did sing before the English | The aeroplane is very valuable, and so is the automobile, but neither displaces Alexandra. The king slept through it | the cavalry. Cavalry can act on the inall, as heavy a sleep as I have ever formation they gather in an instant, they can see and strike simultaneoushis hand at the time to applaud and he ly. Plowed ground that might stall an auto is no obstacle whatever to capa-"The king of Greece, a brother of | ble cavalry intelligently commanded. Alexandra, was a special friend of All great armies cherish their mountmine. He used often to come to ed troops, and make provision for rewhere I was singing. He told his mounts. If the cavalry competition sister of his admiration for me, and depends on the supply of horseflesh she had me come to Windsor to sing. Russia has a great advantage over all While there I would sing and courtesy other European nations. It is estimated that within the czar's dominions are more than thirty-three million heart. I don't love to courtesy. There horses, two-thirds of which are in are some who are not kings-such as European Russia. According to the latest available statistics Germany has 4,500,000 horses, France about 3,300,-000, Austria-Hungary 3,800,000 and Great Britain nearly 2,200,000. The United States, with more than 20,000,-600 horses, is admirably qualified to become a great cavalry country.

#### APPLY SLOAN'S FREELY FOR LUMBAGO

Your attacks of lumbago are not nearly so hopeless as they seem. You can relieve them almost instantly by a simple application of Sloan's pher and writer. Later, in 1671, the Lumbago is a form of rheumatism, and yields perfectly to Sloan's, which' penetrates quickly all in thru the sore tender muscles, limbers up the clan of great achievement, and his in- back and makes it feel fine. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for cents of any druggist and have it in the house against colds, sores and swollen joints, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief tues-thrus-fri-wkly

#### J. E. FRAMPTON PIANO TUNER

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### PAYING THE FIDDLER

E ALL realize that when there is dancing going on, whether it be the new-fangled tango or the old-fashioned rolls. must pay the fiddler.

We cannot have music without paying for it, nor can we have much of anything in this world without paying for it.

If we expect any person to do something for us, we expect, naturally, to do something in exchange for such favors as we receive. If we accept favors, but evade the responsibility of making any returns for them it will not be long before we discover that the unpaid for favors become curtailed.

Probably we become provoked, after the favors have stopped, and acknowledge our own stupidity. It is generally too late when we wake up and then it is merely the old stery over again-of locking the door after the horse has been stolen

Many of us in this community devote more or less of our time to the raising of produce of various kinds. We have vegetables, butter, eggs, milk,

We find it a convenience to sell such products in the local stores. Some of our business men buy up the small quantities, as well as the larger lots,

and ship all together to the more central markets. This facility for disposing of such articles is a great convenience to us. If the local storekeepers did not buy our produce it would be difficult for us to find a market. In fact, there would be no market for small quantities except at ruinous prices.

Therefore we are favored, to a very considerable extent, by the fact that our local storekeeper stands ready to buy from us. This places us under certain obligations. The local storekeepers are entitled to some consideration from us in return.

HOW MANY OF US APPRECIATE AND ACKNOWLEDGE THIS FACT? How many of us think of this when we have some cash to spend? How many of us consider that the local storekeeper is entitled to our trade and that we are morally bound to consider him as the proper repository for our orders and the recipient of our trade?

It is regrettable that many of us must plead guilty to an entire forgetfulness of any feeling of obligation. Therefore, we send our orders, with the cash, to the mail order houses, to whom we owe nothing.

We are enticed by cleverly written advertisements and neatly worded descriptions of goods and merchandise so that we deceive ourselves into believing them to be true. We forget the local storekeeper and his favors; we forget that he is a benefit to the community and to every individual in the community; we forget that he is affording us an opportunity to dispose of our produce—that he has his money invested in a stock of merchandlee that he has selected because he believed we would need such articles and would wish to buy them at home.

Every dollar we send away from home to the mail order houses brings us closer to the limitations of our local opportunities. Every dollar diverted from local trade adds to the restrictions of our trade facilities at home so that we are not only permitting, but we are inviting, our local merchants toclose up shop and go out of business; or to move to some community where their efforts will be more appreciated.

By our lack of appreciation we are urging our local storekeepers to restrict their efforts to carrying only the lines of merchandise that are the most profitable for them and to cut out all goods that we can buy in the city. We are actually inviting disaster.

LET US AWAKEN TO A REALIZATION OF THE CONDITIONS WHICH CONFRONT US. LET US PLACE SOME LIMITATIONS ON OUR DISRE-GARD FOR EXISTING CONDITIONS AND LOOK INTO THE FUTURE. We can see what the consequences must be if we fail to do our share toward supporting the establishments of our business men in town, for the

handwriting is written plainly on the wall. Shall we read the writing and profit by the message or shall we continue to dance merrily and foolishly on until the time shall come when we must

pay? And how shall we pay? There will be only one way to pay and that will be with much more than the profit we shall have derived from our dealings with the mail order houses. WE WILL PAY DEARLY UNLESS WE AWAKEN TO A FULL SENSE OF OUR RESPONSIBILITIES, AND AT ONCE

We wish to dance, but let us change the tune-or the fiddler.

DON'T TALK WAR, TALK BUSINESS